EARLY VOTING • OCTOBER 21, 2019 - NOVEMBER 1, 2019

ELECTION DAY • NOVEMBER 5, 2019 • POLLS OPEN 7 AM TO 7 PM

BE A TEXAS VOTER

About This Voters Guide

This printed Voters Guide lists items that will be on the ballot for the November 5, 2019 Texas Constitutional Amendments and House District 100 election. Candidate responses are presented as submitted without editing. This Voters Guide is funded and published by the League of Women Voters of Dallas which does not support or oppose any political party or candidate. Call 214-688-4125 or lwvdallas@sbcglobal.net for questions.

Vote411.org

You may also see all items on your ballot on-line at Vote411.org.

Photo ID Requirement

People voting in person must present a form of photo ID or alternative approved by the state or else may only vote provisionally. For more information and exceptions see DallasCountyVotes.org or call 214.819.6300.

Eligibility for Voting

You must be a citizen of the United State, registered to vote in the county of your residence 30 days prior to election day, and must be at least 18 years old on election day. You cannot vote if you have been declared by a court exercising probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated or partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote or are a convicted felon who has not completed your sentence, probation and/or parole.

Early Voting Times & Locations

Monday Oct 21 – Saturday Oct 26	8AM to 5PM
Sunday Oct 27	1PM to 6PM
Monday Oct 28 – Wednesday Oct 30	8AM to 5PM
Thursday Oct 31 – Friday Nov 1	7AM to 7PM

Dallas County residents may vote at any of these locations:

Addison Fire Station #1 **Balch Springs Civic Center** Bear Creek Community Church Bethany Luth Ch (Nelson Hall) Brookhaven Col-W Bldg Rm 105 Cedar Hill Gov Cntf Main Lobby Cedar Valley Col "M" Bldg **Coppell Town Cntr Main Lobby**

4798 Airport Pkwy Addison 12400 Elam Road **Balch Springs** 2700 Finley Road Irviing 10101 Walnut Hill Lane **Dallas** Farmer Brnch 3939 Valley View Ln **Cedar Hill** 285 Uptown Blvd 3030 North Dallas Ave Lancaster 255 E Parkway Blvd Coppell

Crosswinds High Sch Rm 104 Disciple Central Com Ch Rm 104 901 N Polk St Duncanville Library Rms 1.2.3 Eastfield Col-Main Cmp "C" Bldg 3737 Motley Dr Eastfield Col-Pleasant Grv Cmp El Centro Col-Main Cmp Lobby El Centro Col-West Cmp Com Rm 3330 N Hampton Road Florence Recreation Center Fretz Park Library Friendship West Baptist Church 2020 Wheatland Road George Allen Courts Building **Glenn Heights City Hall** Grauwyler Park Rec Center **Highland Hills Library** Irving Arts Center **Irving City Hall Main Lobby Iosev Ranch Library Lakeside Activity Center** Lancaster Vet Memorial Lib Lochwood Library Marsh Lane Baptist Church Martin Luther King Core Bldg **Martin Weiss Rec Center** Mountain Creek Library Mountain View Col "E" Bldg North Lake Col "L" Bldg Oak Cliff Sub-Courthouse Our Redeemer Luth Ch-Dallas Our Redeemer Luth Ch-G Prairie 4729 S Carrier Pkwv Paul L Dunbar Lan-Kiest Lib Richardson Civic Center Richland College-Garland Camp 675 W Walnut St Richland Col-Main Cmp"G" Bldg 12800 Abrams Rd Rowlett City Hall Annex Sachse City Hall Samuell Grand Rec Center **Skyline Branch Library** South Garland Library Southern Meth U-Hughes-Trig Sunnyvale Town Hall University of Dallas-5R Hall University Park UMC-Caldwell Valley Ranch Library

1100 N Carrier Pkwy 201 Iames Collins 802 S Buckner 801 Main Street 2501 Whitson Way 6990 Belt Line Road 600 Commerce St 1938 S Hampton Rd 7780 Harry Hines Blvd 6200 Bonnie View Road 3333 N Macarthur Blvd 825 W Irving Blvd 1700 Keller Springs Rd 101 Holley Park Drive 1600 Vet Memorial Pkwy 11221 Lochwood Blvd 10716 Marsh Lane 2922 Martin Luther King Blvd 1111 Martindell Avenue 6102 Mountain Creek Pkwv 4949 W Illinois Ave 5001 N MacArthur Blvd 410 S Beckley 7611 Park Lane 2008 East Kiest Blvd 411 W Arapaho Road 4004 Main St 3815 Sachse Road 6200 East Grand Ave 6006 Everglade Road 4845 Broadway Blvd 3140 Dyer St 127 North Collins Road 2925 Gorman Dr 4024 Caruth Blvd 401 Cimarron Trail

Grand Prairie DeSoto Duncanville Mesquite **Dallas Dallas Dallas** Mesquite Dallas Dallas **Dallas Glenn Heights Dallas Dallas** Irving Irving Carrollton Mesquite Lancaster Dallas **Dallas** Dallas Dallas Dallas **Dallas** Irving Dallas Dallas **Grand Prairie** Dallas Richardson Garland Dallas Rowlett Sachse Dallas Dallas Garland Dallas Sunnyvale Dallas Dallas

Election Day Times & Locations

Dallas Co residents may vote at any polling location on Election Day.

Polls open 7 AM to 7 PM on Nov 5, election day. For election day locations see DallasCountyVotes.org or call 214.819.63

NOTES

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TEXAS CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ELECTION

All potential amendments that appear on your ballot must originate in the legislature. The Texas Constitution cannot be amended by citizen-led ballot initiatives, referendums or petitions, as in some other states. The ten amendments voters will consider in this election were approved by the state legislature earlier this year. Explanations and reasons to vote for and against these propositions were developed by the League of Women Voters of Texas.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 1 (Municipal Judges)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment permitting a person to hold more than one office as a municipal judge at the same time."

EXPLANATION: The Texas Constitution (Article 16, Section 40) prohibits a person from holding more than one public office at the same time but has many exceptions, including county commissioner, justice of the peace, notary public, postmaster, etc. The proposed constitutional amendment would add elected municipal judge to this list of exceptions. A municipal judge oversees pre-trial hearings, small claims proceedings, and misdemeanor cases in a city or town. Proposition 1 would allow municipal judges to hold more than one paid public office at the same time, meaning they could simultaneously preside over multiple municipalities, regardless of whether they were appointed or elected.

Watch a short video on Prop. 1: https://youtu.be/zGFBdY2bGt8

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 72: https://hro.house.texas.gov/pdf/ba86R/HJR0072.PDF

ARGUMENTS:

For

- A municipal judge oversees essential local proceedings, such as pretrial hearings, small claims proceedings, and misdemeanor cases. Often smaller municipalities do not have municipal judges or attorneys qualified to serve as judges. Prop 1 would make it easier for smaller municipalities to fill empty judgeships with qualified individuals.
- The proposition could benefit public safety by making it easier to obtain search warrants and streamlining other proceedings, such as ordinance violations, misdemeanor offenses and other types of cases.

Against

- This proposition is unnecessary as Texas law already permits a person to be appointed as a municipal judge in more than one municipality at the same time. This law would only allow a person to be elected in more than one municipality.
- If the municipal judge were elected to a community where he or she was not a resident, he or she may not have an understanding or interest in that community.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 2 (Water Projects in Distressed

BALLOT LANGUAGE: The constitutional amendment providing for the issuance of additional general obligation bonds by the Texas Water Development Board in an amount not to exceed \$200 million to provide financial assistance for the development of certain projects in economically distressed areas."

EXPLANATION: Proposition 2 would allow the Water Development Board to issue general obligation bonds for the Economically Distressed Areas Program (EDAP). The outstanding bonds could not exceed \$200 million. The bonds would be used to develop water supply and sewer projects in economically depressed areas of the state. EDAP assists water infrastructure projects when the median income of a region is less than 75% of the state's median income. The proposed amendment would give the Water Development Board the money to finance water and wastewater infrastructure in economically distressed areas.

For more information: House Research Organization SJR 79

ARGUMENTS:

For

- All citizens deserve clean water, regardless of their income. Socioeconomic factors should not determine access to safe water. It's a basic right.
- This program needs to be replenished so it can continue funding existing and future projects for communities that could not otherwise afford it
- Financing with bonds will provide more reliable funding over a longer period of time. Using general revenue would strain limited resources.

Against

- The net impact to the general revenue fund will be \$3,375,000 through 2021.
- This is another constitutionally dedicated fund which the state should avoid. Infrastructure improvements should be funded using general revenue.
- This is a local issue and should not be handled by the state.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 3 (Tax Relief for Disaster Areas)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to provide for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property damaged by a disaster."

EXPLANATION: Proposition 3 would allow the Texas Legislature to give a temporary property tax exemption in a governor-declared disaster area. The exemption would be 15%, 30%, 60%, or 100%, depending on the amount of property damage. The local government would choose whether or not to adopt the temporary exemption and would determine how long the exemption would last.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 34

ARGUMENTS:

For

- In the event of environmental disasters, a tax exemption would bring quicker and easier relief to those affected.
- Proposition 3 would be easier and more affordable for the local government than the current property reassessment process, which is both lengthy and expensive.

Against

- Since Proposition 3 relies on the local government to decide whether or not to adopt the tax exemption, it does not guarantee it will help as many people as intended. Any such relief should be mandatory.
- Though there would now be predetermined damage categories, the property may still have to undergo an extensive reappraisal process.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 4 (Personal Income Tax)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment prohibiting the imposition of an individual income tax, including a tax on an individual's share of partnership and unincorporated association income."

EXPLANATION: Proposition 4 would prohibit the Texas Legislature from establishing a personal state income tax.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 38

ARGUMENTS:

For

- A 2019 poll by the University of Texas at Austin and the Texas Tribune found 71% of respondents oppose an individual state income tax. *
- Texas has a low-tax, pro-growth approach to economic expansion, and that is dependent on having no personal income tax. This amendment could support population growth in Texas, as families and businesses may move to Texas because there is no state income tax.
- An income tax would also increase the size of government by requiring a large bureaucracy to administer it.

- This amendment is not necessary because the Texas Constitution now prohibits the Legislature from imposing an income tax without a statewide referendum (Art. 8, Sec. 24, adopted in 1993). In addition, any net revenue from that tax must be used for the support of education.
- Revenue from an income tax could reduce the tax burden on businesses, which pay a higher proportion of taxes in Texas than in other states.
- The current Legislature and today's voters should not make taxation decisions for future Texans. The needs of Texans change over time, so future Texans should make their own choices on taxation.
- One reason Texans pay high property and sales taxes may be because Texas has no income tax. If Proposition 4 passed, these taxes would likely continue to increase, so Proposition 4 would not necessarily decrease the size of state government.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 5 (Sporting Goods Tax to Support State Parks)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment dedicating the revenue received from the existing state sales and use taxes that are imposed on sporting goods to the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department and the Texas Historical Commission to protect Texas' natural areas, water quality, and history by acquiring, managing, and improving state and local parks and historic sites while not increasing the rate of the state sales and use taxes."

EXPLANATION: Proposition 5 would require the Legislature to allocate the money raised from state sales taxes on sporting goods (i.e., hunting, fishing, outdoor equipment) to the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) and the Texas Historical Commission (THC). Revenue from such taxes would be used to improve and manage state and local parks and historic sites, and to acquire new sites. Proposition 5 closes a loophole in the current law that prevents all the revenue raised by these sales taxes from being given to Texas Parks and Wildlife Department and the Texas Historical Commission, thus allowing some of the money to be used to balance the state budget.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 39

ARGUMENTS:

For

- State and local parks are essential to industries such as fishing, hunting, and tourism that benefit Texas economy. Proposition 5 would require the government to support this vital economic sector more fully. It would allow these agencies to make long range plans based on a reliable funding source.
- Many parks and historic sites of Texas are decaying, and new parks are needed due to population growth in the state. Proposition 5 would provide a sustainable source of funding for their preservation and new park development so they could be enjoyed in the future.

Against

- Having a dedicated account, a fund used for a specific purpose, eliminates budget flexibility for the Texas Legislature.
- Dedicated accounts can cause unnecessary growth of the state budget by demanding funds in one area even though needs could be greater in another.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 6 (Cancer Prevention Research)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to increase by \$3 billion the maximum bond amount authorized for the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas."

EXPLANATION: The proposed amendment would increase the maximum bond amount for the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas (CPRIT) from \$3 billion to \$6 billion. CPRIT provides grants and supports programs that advance cancer research. The organization, begun in 2007, is currently set up to receive \$3 billion in funding until 2022.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 12

ARGUMENTS:

For

- The state is the second largest source of public funding for cancer research in Texas, behind the federal government. Increasing the bond amount would ensure that the state maintained its status as a hub for advancements in the cancer field, and continue Texas' national leadership in cancer research and prevention.
- CPRIT has created thousands of jobs and brought in more than 170 researchers, including a Nobel Prize winner, to Texas. It has generated billions of dollars of economic activity.
- Increasing the bond amount would protect CPRIT's future, because current funding for awards will run out in 2021.

- Current funding of CPRIT is in place until 2022, so the issue is not an urgent matter. Voters may not want to consider it right now—three years in advance. Instead the legislature might consider developing a plan to make CPRIT become financially self-sufficient.
- CPRIT has a history of mismanaging funds. A ban was put on CPRIT grants in 2012 and was lifted in October 2013 after restructuring of the organization.
- The proposed amendment would cost the government \$12.5 million in general revenue funds during the first two years, assuming debt service payments based on the issuance of this new debt.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 7 (Funding Public Education)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment allowing increased distributions to the available school fund."

EXPLANATION: The School Land Board, an independent entity of the General Land Office, oversees the management, sale and leasing of more than 13 million acres of land for the Permanent School Fund. The State Board of Education can then make distributions from this fund to the Available School Fund. The revenue generated from the land is used to purchase real estate and make investments to help fund public education through the Available School Fund. This proposition would increase from \$300 million to \$600 million the amount the General Land Office could distribute to the Available School Fund each year.

For more information: <u>House Research Organization HJR 151</u>

ARGUMENTS:

For

- This proposition will improve funding for public schools by doubling the distribution from the School Land Board to the Available School Fund.
- Were it not for the \$300 million cap in the Texas Constitution, this could have been happening already, making more money available for public education.
- As more money is available to school districts from the state Available School Fund, they will need to rely less on local property taxes.

Against

- Both the School Land Board and the State Board of Education have responsibilities for managing the Permanent School Fund. If the School Land Board makes larger deposits directly to the Available School Fund rather than into the Permanent School Fund, it changes the amount the State Board of Education is required to distribute from the Permanent School fund.
- The State Board of Education is required to make a percentage-based biennial distribution to the Available School Fund. If they have less money in the Permanent School Fund, it might result in lower overall school funding.
- In the past, the School Land Board made questionable investments at the expense of public education funding. With the opportunity to make larger contributions, it might increase the lure of debatable investments.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 8 (Flood Control)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment providing for the creation of the flood infrastructure fund to assist in the financing of drainage, flood mitigation, and flood control projects."

EXPLANATION: Proposition 8 would create the Flood Infrastructure Fund (FIF) as a special fund outside of general revenue. A one-time distribution from the Economic Stabilization Fund, also known as the "rainy day fund," would establish the FIF. The Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) would distribute FIF funds to local governments through loans or, in some cases, as grants. The money would be used to establish and maintain flood control structures and drainage infrastructure throughout the state, especially in economically distressed areas. If passed, Proposition 8 would require cooperation among all impacted parties. A local government would receive money from the FIF only if it worked with other governments in the region and listened to stakeholder concerns in public meetings. The local government would also have to submit a technical analysis of the plan, comparing it to other possible projects in the region, and a proposal to repay the loan.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 4

ARGUMENTS:

For

- Severe flooding events such as Hurricane Harvey show the necessity of being prepared to prevent future damage. Access to federal funding and grants often requires local governments to match the amount of money the federal government would provide. This amendment would allow the TWDB to give loans to local governments so they could access federal funds.
- Because removing money from the Economic Stabilization Fund to create the FIF would be a one-time expense, rather than ongoing, it would not drain the "rainy day fund."

- A local government could default on a TWDB loan, thereby costing the state income meant to replenish the FIF. Taxpayers might ultimately be liable for repayment of loans.
- Historically, state government has not played a heavy role in funding flood-control infrastructure. Flood control is the responsibility of both local and federal governments, rather than state government.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 9 (Tax Exemption of Precious Metals)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to exempt from ad valorem taxation precious metal held in a precious metal depository located in this state."

EXPLANATION: Texas opened a precious metals depository in 2018, run by a private company but overseen by the state government. The Constitution requires all real and tangible personal property to be taxed on its value unless exempted. These ad valorem (property) taxes are imposed at the time of purchase or exchange of precious metals. Proposition 9 would exempt from taxation precious metals held in a precious metal depository in the state.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 95

ARGUMENTS:

For

- Other states do not tax precious metals, so creating this exemption would allow Texas depositories to be more competitive.
- The proposed amendment would increase chances that the Texas depository could join COMEX, the leading marketplace for precious metals exchange.

Against

- Texas counties do not enforce the property tax on precious metals, so a constitutional amendment is unnecessary.
- The proposed amendment gives preference through a tax break for precious metals over other investment choices.

STATE OF TEXAS PROPOSITION 10 (Law Enforcement Animals)

BALLOT LANGUAGE: "The constitutional amendment to allow the transfer of a law enforcement animal to a qualified caretaker in certain circumstances."

EXPLANATION: Proposition 10 would allow law enforcement animals to retire, and their former handlers or other qualified caretakers to adopt them with no fee. Law enforcement animals are currently considered as surplus property of the county, which means the county can only auction, donate, or destroy them. Proposition 10 would change the property laws to allow the animals to retire and be transferred to their original handler or another qualified caretaker with no adoption fee.

For more information: House Research Organization HJR 96

ARGUMENTS:

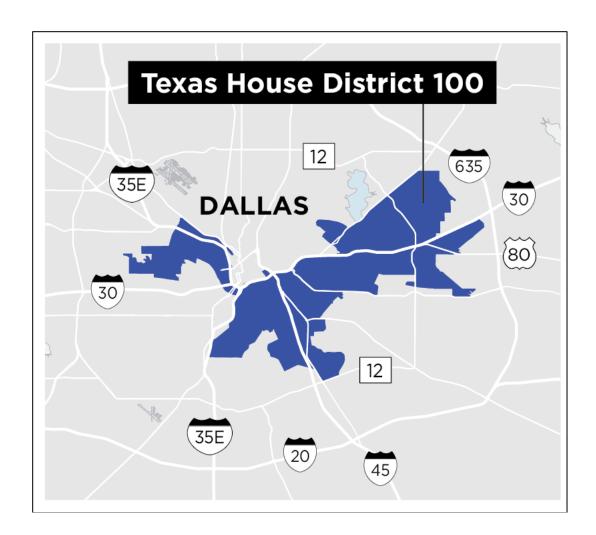
For

- Proposition 10 would ensure the wellbeing of law enforcement animals in their later years by allowing them to retire.
- Proposition 10 would remove the legally required fee for law enforcement officers, or other qualified caretakers, who generally adopt their own retired law enforcement animals.
- Proposition 10 recognizes the longstanding bond developed between a law enforcement animal and the animal's handler, a bond that would be ignored in a government auction.

- Proposition 10 may reduce state income. A government auction might raise more money than the free adoption of a law enforcement animal.
- If the animal's handler retires before the animal is ready to retire, it might be difficult to determine which of the animal's handlers had priority.
- It is unfortunate that such a common sense action would require a constitutional amendment.

TEXAS STATE HOUSE DISTRICT 100

This election is to fill the remainder of the term due to incumbent resignation. Two year term. Must be 21 or older, a US citizen, resident of Texas and the district represented. Responsible for representing the citizens of the district in the Texas House of Representatives.



QUESTIONS TO CANDIDATES

QUALIFICATION: Why are you the best choice to fill the vacancy in House District 100?

GOALS: Since this election is to fill a vacant seat and there will be another election in November 2020 before the next legislative session in 2021, what do you hope to accomplish between now and the next legislative session?

GUN SAFETY: What should be the focus of the next legislature regarding gun safety? Include consideration of "red flag" laws, expanded background checks and local control.

REDISTRICTING: What standards should the state adhere to in the upcoming round of redistricting? What is your opinion of how the process is currently proceeding?

IMMIGRATION: What can the state do to ensure that immigrants and refugees are accorded due process of the law and humane treatment?

REPRESENTATIVE, TEXAS HOUSE

Paul K Stafford – DEM, withdrawn from race

Lorraine Birabil – DEM Candidate for Texas HD 100 Representative



Occupation: Law Firm Associate

Education: Texas A&M School of Law - J.D. University of North Texas - B.S., Biology, B.A.,

Political Science

Website: http://lorrainefortexas.com **Campaign Phone**: (214) 550-0557 **Email**: team@lorrainefortexas.com

Facebook: http://www.facebook.com/LorraineForTexas/

Twitter: twitter.com/lorrainefortx

QUALIFICATION: Every person in our District, no matter their circumstance, deserves to live in a safe and healthy environment with the opportunity to grow and prosper. It's important that we have a representative who understands what it means to bring people together and solve real problems. I have served in various capacities at federal, state, and local levels of government, including work for Congressman Beto O'Rourke, Congressman Marc Veasey, State Senator Wendy Davis, Mayor Mike Rawlings, and Judge Clay Jenkins. I look forward to the opportunity to continue serving my community, serve my state and be an example for my daughter.

GOALS: Although the Texas House only meets every other year, the work does not stop simply because the State House is not session. I have dedicated my career to service, and I am the only candidate in this race that has been tasked with opening a district office to serve constituents. Through my time working for the U.S. House, I gained a strong understanding of how to best interact with constituents and ensure their needs are taken care of. Far too often, constituents do not realize all the services that are provided by their Member. If elected, I will work to prioritize casework and constituent programming year-round.

GUN SAFETY: In the wake of recent mass shootings, we must prioritize sensible gun violence prevention legislation next session. While as a legal professional, I support upholding the Constitution and the right to bear arms, we must enact new laws to limit the type of firearms on our streets and ensure only responsible gun owners have access. I am in support of enacting "red flag" laws. Following the tragic shooting in Orlando, Florida acted and as a result passed "red flag" laws. It is now our turn to act following our recent tragedies. Additionally, I am in support of banning assault weapons and imposing magazine limits.

REDISTRICTING: Fairly drawn districts are vital to ensuring that every vote is represented and counted. Texans deserve representatives who embody their values. I am proud to have been a fierce advocate for voting rights. I have served as an Intervenor in the Texas Voter ID lawsuit that prevented an intentionally discriminatory law from being implemented. I also assisted in efforts to fight Texas' discriminatory redistricting plans. Next session, it is important that maps are drawn in a manner that is fair. As a state representative, I will continue to fight against discriminatory efforts in redistricting and work towards fair

IMMIGRATION: State and local law enforcement officers should not be involved in the enforcement of federal immigration law. I support comprehensive immigration reform that would allow millions of hardworking immigrants to come out of the shadows and gain a pathway to citizenship. I believe wholeheartedly that we must treat every individual no matter their immigration status with respect and civility.

James Armstrong III – DEM Candidate for Texas HD 100 Representative



maps.

Age: 5/14/1986

Occupation: Non-Profit Executive

Education: Baylor University; BA in Finance **Website**: http://www.armstrongfortexas.com

Campaign Phone: (214) 836-7505 Email: info@armstrongfortexas.com

Facebook: http://facebook.com/ArmstrongForTexas

Twitter: twitter.com/armstrong4texas **You Tube**: https://www.youtube.com/v/A8NwZZnRpC0 QUALIFICATION: I am the best choice to represent District 100 because of my track record of servant leadership. For the past 10 years I have worked to improve the lives of my neighbors. I've assisted in leading the charge against disruptive development and the negative effects of gentrification, served seniors who are low income, and have fought to keep community schools open and thriving. Serving my neighborhood led me to serving the city of Dallas on various boards and commissions. I've passed policy to increase home-ownership and equitable housing, increase economic mobility, and improve the everyday lives of every Texan. GOALS: My number one objective between now and the 2021 session will be to host multiple town-halls listening sessions through the district in order to hear any and all concerns that need to be addressed. In fact, D100 town hall meetings will be a common occurrence during even year that the State legislature is not in session. These various listening sessions will help draft the D100 policy platform for the upcoming session. Another goal would be to create a D100 Policy Task Force that will consist of subject matter experts from District 100 that will offer advisement on various issues. My goal is to work with the community. GUN SAFETY: Having been personally affected by gun violence in Texas, I will be a champion of legislation that completely bans assault weapons like the AR-15s and dramatically expands background checks for all gun sales at gun shows and private sales. The next legislative session should focus on passing laws that keep guns out of the hands of individuals with a background of violent crime and mental health issues and passing mandatory gun safety classes. Laws like the red flag law that restrict access to individuals who others feel may be unsafe would be an appropriate step in the right direction on common sense gun control **REDISTRICTING:** The redistricting decision making process should include constituent input beyond the few public hearings. Currently, the federal census population data is delivered to the legislature no later than April 1 of the year following the decennial census which is after the mandated public hearings. All data should be presented to the public before legislators begin drawing maps since any changes will directly affect the communities they represent. Also, there should be greater accountability to assure that constituent's responses and opinions were considered in the final map and that gerrymandering is banned. **IMMIGRATION:** All human beings deserve due process of the law and human treatment regardless of citizenship status. We must pass meaningful legislation that grants a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants and restores due process protections so that immigrants cannot face deportation due to minor offenses. In addition, we must fight against unjust racially charged legislation like SB4, also known as the "show me your papers" law, that negatively impact the public safety of all Texans, especially communities of color. We must also keep federal departments accountable as to how they handle detainees.

Daniel Davis Clayton – DEM Candidate for Texas HD 100 Representative



Age: 11/9/1976

Occupation: Small Business Owner

Education: B.S. Art Direction (Advertising), Minor in Writing; Texas A&M-Commerce

Website: http://www.danielfor100.com **Email**: daniel@danilefor100.com

Facebook: http://www.facebook.com/danielfor100/

Twitter: twitter.com/danielfor100

QUALIFICATION: As the only candidate with state legislative experience, I believe I am best poised to serve from both the policy and constituent perspectives. I served for 7 years in the Texas Senate for Sen. Royce West and for 3 years as Chief of Staff for Rep. Toni Rose. I've been responsible for shepherding bills through every stage of legislative process in both chambers of the Texas Legislature and have staffed complicated committees like House Finance and Calendars. My hands-on experience includes advocating for working families, stopping home foreclosures, recovering denied veteran's benefits, and home visits to seniors.

GOALS: I am the only candidate equipped to immediately take on interim committee assignments, which will set the stage for state priorities during the upcoming legislative session. I hope to use the time building a suite of bill proposals to address the legislative priorities of District 100 and the state of Texas including: mass shootings and urban gun violence; expanding healthcare and mental health; as well as public school finance, strengthening pre-k, elementary reading, and social-emotional learning. Case work is a high priority for me and I will build a strong and highly responsive constituent services program.

GUN SAFETY: Gun safety is a top priority in Texas and is specifically an issue in HD100. I worked with the DPD Gang Unit to organize the Enough is Enough - Stop the Violence event in the district. I plan to introduce and support legislation that will invoke barriers to curtail illegal gun purchases, create "red flag" laws, enforce appropriate criminal and mental health background checks, and ban bump stocks; all while protecting the rights of citizens who legally possess firearms for personal use. High powered, military grade, automatic weapons intended for war should not be made accessible to everyday citizens.

REDISTRICTING: Texas is no longer under Department of Justice pre-clearance and I am concerned about both the resulting maps and the legislative procedures that will be established to produce them. I staffed the last two redistricting processes and was assigned to the Redistricting Committee as the State Field Director for the Texas Democratic Party and years later as a legislative aide in the Texas Senate. I am the only candidate that has used legislative tools such as Red Apple to create and evaluate redistricting maps. I believe I am best poised to strategize around and navigate this complicated legislative process. **IMMIGRATION:** While immigration is primarily an issue that needs to be handled by our federal representatives in the Congress, I believe that we should continue to enforce our immigration laws while allowing a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants who are already in this state. I am concerned about how asylum seekers have been treated and how families have been broken up at federal facilities on the border while they await trial.

Sandra Crenshaw – DEM Candidate for Texas HD 100 Representative



Age: 2/25/1953

Education: Texas A and I University Texas Southern University

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QUALIFICATION: The faith in our government has been become dispirited. We been short changed from our taxpayer dollars everywhere from our landfills, our convention industry, police and fire pension, economic development, and affordable housing. My campaign theme is a "Cut from the Rest." touting my City Government experience. I began to lobbyist the Legislature in 2000, being dubbed "Lobbyist for Justice." We send too many inexperienced candidates with the backing of an corrupt elected officials asking us to trust their judgment of whose to our choose. Public corruption hurts us in our tax dollars but also destroy the family. GOALS: The legislature works year round so Dist 100 needs to be represented. Eric Johnson was the vice chair of the Redistricting Committee. I will not be named the vice Chair, but with decades of House and City Council level of redistricting, Sandra Crenshaw would be a perfect replacement. The winners of our next election will draw the Texas House, Texas Senate, State Board of Education, and Congressional maps for the next decade. I will made use of the campaign to help educate about the importance of the redistricting process so that our neighborhoods will be part of a grassroots efforts to stop partisan gerrymandering. GUN SAFETY: I run for political office to address the mental ill. Too many families who go undiagnosed to avoid the bullyiing and stymas associated with mentally illness. The reluctance of NRA is that many veterans have some disorders and go with help in order to keep their guns to protect themselves and their families. Even those with non-heinousness criminal backgrounds have some prohibitionist to gun carrying rights and many live in crime ridden neighborhood. We need to different disorder like depressive from paranoid scriphoniza. I'm proud of Texas Anti-bullying campaign in our school system, our adults need the same. REDISTRICTING: I am a redistriciting expert with several decades experience and expert witness in courts and with DOJ Voting Right Act. Our partisan political system allows officials to manipulate the which neighborhood they want to represent. In Texas, Democrats won 47% of the votes in the last congressional race but won only 13 of 36 seats It's a shame, how our officials behave unconstitutional and violate voting rights acts so blatantly. I'm contributor to the National Democratic Redistricting campaign, endorse by President Obama, hopely he will galvanize grassroots support to either a bi-partian or a citizen based commission **IMMIGRATION:** With the solution surrounding immigration and refugees are not settled upon, my Latino brother and sisters can be assured they will have the first seat at District 100 to make sure that we have viable representation in Austin. I am from Corpus Christi and the Valley area of Texas and I haven't forgotten my roots. With all four Blacks in the race, I will be in a better position to represent a border cities with fairness and honesty. Dist 100 has the largest population of the mental ill and homeless population with many of the same issues the immigrants are presented with, I need to address home base first.



What Is the League of Women Voters' Mission?

The League of Women Voters, a nonpartisan political organization, encourages informed and active participation in government, works to increase understanding of major public policy issues, and influences public policy through education and advocacy.

What Does the League Do Now?

The League of Women Voters is a peoples' organization that has fought since 1920 to improve our government and engage all Americans in the decisions that impact their lives. We operate at national, state and local levels through more than 800 state and local Leagues, in all 50 states as well in DC, the Virgin Islands and Hong Kong. We never endorse or oppose political parties or candidates, but we are political.

Formed from the movement that secured the right to vote for women, the centerpiece of the League's efforts remain to expand participation and give a voice to all Americans. We do this at all three levels of government, engaging in both broad educational efforts as well as advocacy. Our issues are grounded in our respected history of making democracy work for all Americans.

Why Should I Support the League of Women Voters?

The League is different from many organizations in that what it accomplishes comes directly from the involvement of its members. It is a **grassroots organization** providing every member with opportunities to learn and educate others about government and take action on public policy. We walk our talk: we believe that we need everyone to participate in order for our community to be strong, safe and vibrant. Whether you contribute your time, your money, or both you can feel confident that your investment in democracy goes further in the League.

Groups of League members meet to discuss topics in a respectful setting. They learn effective techniques for public discussion, how to advocate on specific policies, and what the issues beneath the rhetoric are. Our study and consensus process ensures that we are fully informed on issues before we take a stand. We also host public forums and debates which are well known for being fair, transparent and civil. This approach has earned the League a global reputation for integrity and thoroughness.

Your participation in League will expose you to a breadth of experiences and issues that will not only inform you but create greater possibilities for civic engagement than you might imagine. You can spend as much or as little time as you wish. Whether you aspire to leadership or are keen to follow the lead of experienced members, the League will excite, use, and nurture your civic curiosity, ideals, or desire for action. We offer our members webinars, conference calls, workshops, other events and mentorship opportunities throughout the year, at the local, regional, state and national levels.

- · Attend an event on our calendar
- · Contact us to get involved