

# Proposed Texas Citizens Redistricting Commission Commissioner Selection Process

## 1 Application Process

The State Auditor (SA) initiates an open application process for Texas voters. Applicants with conflicts of interest are removed from the pool.



**Conflicts of Interest – During the previous 10 years, applicants may *not* have been:**

- ✗ State and federal candidates or elected officials, their staff, family members, and consultants
- ✗ Lobbyists
- ✗ Political party central committee members
- ✗ \$2,000+ donors to a candidate in any given year

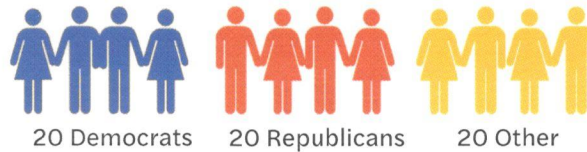
## 2 Panel Review

An Applicant Review Panel of auditors (one Democrat, one Republican, and one non-D/R) assesses applicants based on:

- Analytical skills
- Impartiality
- Appreciation for the diversity of Texas

## 3 Further Screening

The panel places 60 of the most qualified applicants in three subpools: 20 Democrats, 20 Republicans, and 20 not registered as either.



## 4 Legislature Review

The Texas Senate majority and minority party leaders and the Texas House majority and minority party leaders may each strike up to two applicants from each subpool.



## 5 The First 8 Commissioners

The SA randomly selects 8 names from the remaining pools: 3 Democrats, 3 Republicans, and 2 Other applicants. These are the first 8 members of the commission.



## 6 The Final 6 Commissioners

The first 8 commissioners review the remaining applicants based on their analytical skills, impartiality, and appreciation for diversity. They select 2 applicants from each of the subpools to serve as the final 6 commissioners on the 14-member commission.

